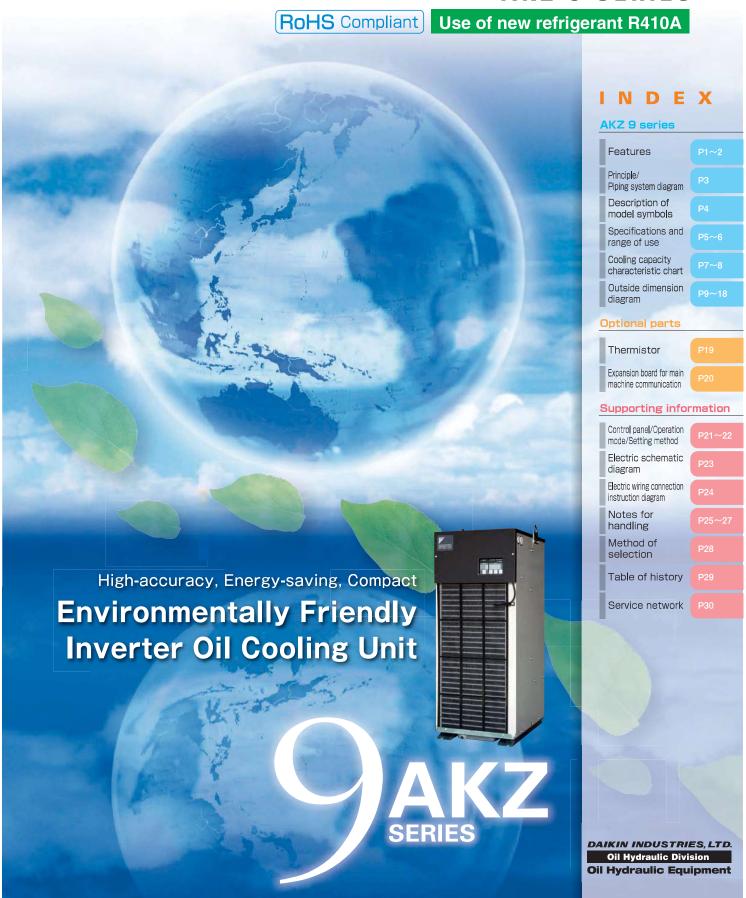


OIL COOLING UNIT

AKZ 9 SERIES







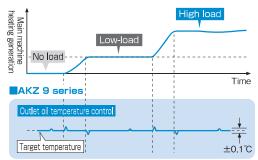
Features

Further Evolution of High-accuracy Temperature Control

- Our acclaimed $\pm 0.1\,^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ oil temperature control has been extended to cover an even wider range.
- The cooling capacity resolution in the low-load range has been improved through optimal control of the compressor and electronic expansion valve.

Expansion of cooling capacity control range

Control with loads from 0% (no load) to 100% achieved



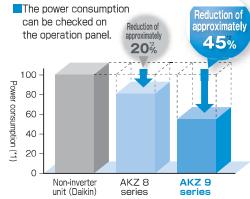
Note) Pattern diagram with the heating load stabilized at 0 - 100% (Comparison with Daikin unit)

RoHS Compliant

Complies with the RoHS Directive, e.g. by adopting printed circuit boards with lead-free solder.

Achieve high energy-saving performance

Achieve high energy-saving performance with the adoption of a Daikin original IPM motor and R410A refrigerant for high COP characteristics.



- *1. Comparison taking a non-inverter unit to have a power consumption of 100
- *2. Measured during Daikin's model operation patterns

Achieve low-noise operation in the low-load range



Corresponding value in anechoic chamber (with AKZ 439 class) $\,$

- Noise level also reduced in line with load reduction
- *At room temperature of 25 and thermal load of 1 kW

Compact design of top class in the industry

*Compared with AKZ 439 class (Unit: mm)





Features

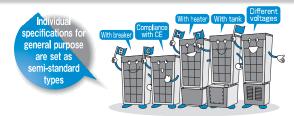
Reinforce durability for mist or dust in the severe condition of factory

- The ingress protection of the control box has been upgraded (equivalent to IP54).
- Electronic components resistant to sulfidization have been adopted.

Higher durability for long-distance transportation

The specifications for withstanding vibration during transport have been upgraded to reflect actual transportation conditions.

Five types of semi-standard specification units in addition to the standard type to achieve shorter product delivery terms



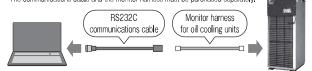
Easy monitoring of operating status

The room temperature, inlet and outlet oil temperatures and other internal data can be monitored at a personal computer using Hybrid-Win*. This data can be displayed collectively, making it easy to grasp the operating status.

*Hybrid-Win is a software tool for monitoring the internal status of the unit using a personal computer. You can download the tool and its instruction manual free of charge from

the website (http://www.daikinpmc.com) after registering as a user.

*The communications cable and the monitor harness must be purchased separately.



Functions featured

Refrigerant gas leakage detection alarm function
An alarm signal is output when the refrigerant gas would be leaked (as cooling circuit failure).

■Oil temperature warning function

A warning signal can be output when the oil temperature or air temperature strays outside arbitrarily setting range.

Auto tuning function

This function substantially cuts the time taken for adjustment during trial operation by automatically setting the gain when oil temperature control is not stable in the factory setting status or when optimization is required.

■999-hour timer function (ON timer)

The operation start time can be set from 0 to 999 hours in one-hour units.

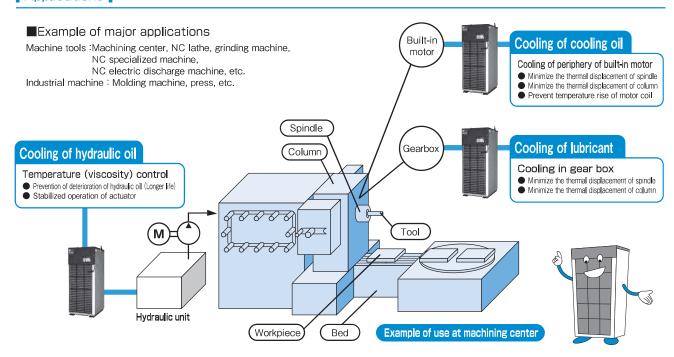
New functions for ease of use

- Preventive maintenance function
- A warning signal is output to notify that maintenance is required when the air filter or condenser becomes clogged.
- If the thermistor fails (out of control), emergency operation is possible by selecting another operation mode. This function minimizes the factors of line stoppages.

Improved operability/maintainability

- The control panel has been revamped. Data is now displayed in an easier-to-understand format with more digits space. The power consumption is also displayed (new function).
- The newly adopted plug-in terminal block has enabled tool-less connection of signal cables (simple connection).
- The increased pitch of the condenser's fins suppresses clogging and makes cleaning easier. (1.5 mm previously → 1.8 mm)

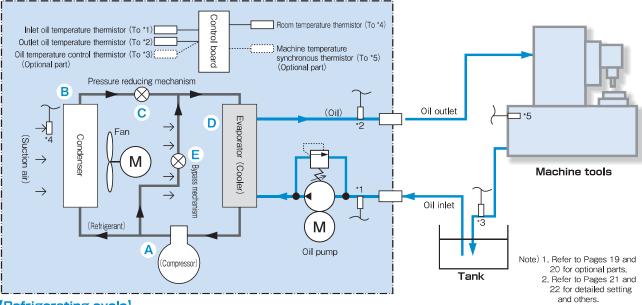
Applications



OILCOOLING UNIT | 2



Principle and overall system diagram

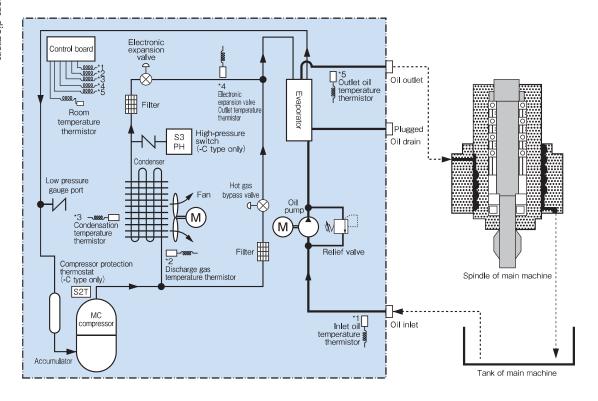


(Refrigerating cycle)

- A:Refrigerant gas is converted into compressed gas at high temperature and high pressure by a compressor so that gas can be easily cooled and liquefied by a condenser.
- B:In the condenser, the gas at high temperature and high pressure made in the compressor is cooled with air and converted into liquid at high temperature and high pressure.
- C:The pressure reduction mechanism reduces the pressure of the liquid at high temperature and high pressure and converts it into liquid at low temperature and low pressure by squeezing it so that it can be easily evaporated in a cooler.
- D:In the cooler, liquid at low temperature and low pressure made in the pressure reduction mechanism removes heat from oil, evaporates (cools oil), and is converted into gas at low temperature and low pressure.
- E:The bypass mechanism controls the cooling capacity at low loads by adjusting the volume of gas at high temperature and high pressure supplied to the cooler.

OIL COOLING UNIT OKZ SERIES

Series piping system diagram







Description of model symbols













Oil cooling unit identification code

AKZ: High-accuracy inverter oil cooling unit [Circulation type, for spindle and lubricant]

2 Cooling capacity (kW) × 10

Indicates ten times the cooling capacity Examples: 14, 32, 43, 56, 90, where 14 indicates a cooling capacity of 1.4 kW

where 14 indicates a cooling capacity of 1.4 kW

Symbol of series (Symbol to represent model change) 6,7,8,9 ·····

Specification identification code

 Used for units with a semi-standard specification or a combination of semi-standard specifications

Single letter: When 5 below is a serial number,

the semi-standard specification is identified here with a single letter of the alphabet.

5 Symbol for semi-standard types (B,C,H,T)

 B: With breaker
 046: Different voltage AC220,230V
 50/60Hz

 C: Compliance with CE
 047: Different voltage AC380,400,415V 50/60Hz

 H: With heater
 048: Different voltage AC440,460,480V 50/60Hz

T: With tank

Or, a serial number (three numerical digits)

Non-standard specifications to meet individual requirements that are not covered by the semi-standard specifications

* Contact us separately about special specifications (UL compliance, tropical treatment, etc.).

Specifications of standard, semi-standard, and non-standard types

■AKZ 9 (Circulation type)

| | Standard type | Semi-standard | Non-standard | Remarks |
|---|---------------|---------------|--------------|--|
| Use of low-viscosity oil | 0 | | | Viscosity of oil for use: 1.4 — 200 mm ² /S |
| Discharge pressure (oil): 0.5 MPa | 0 | | | |
| With timer | 0 | | | 999-hour timer |
| With outlet temperature sensor | 0 | | | |
| With breaker | | В | | |
| Compliance with CE | | С | | European Safety Standard |
| Without transformer | | 046 | | AC220,230V 50/60Hz |
| Different With transformer | | 047 | | AC380,400,415V 50/60Hz |
| voltages With transformer | | 048 | | AC440,460,480V 50/60Hz |
| With heater | | Н | | |
| With tank | | Т | | |
| Discharge pressure (oil): 0,98 MPa | | | 0 | Unit with separately installed pump |
| Discharge pressure (oil): 1,47 MPa | | | 0 | Unit with separately installed pump |
| Use of twin pump | | | 0 | Unit with separately installed pump |
| Specified painting color | | | 0 | |
| With expansion board for serial communication | | | 0 | |

Optional parts (Refer to Pages 19 and 20)

- ·Machine temperature synchronous thermistor (Lead wire length: 5m, 10m, 15m)
- ·Oil temperature control thermistor (Lead wire length: 5m, 10m)
- •Expansion board for main machine communication (Serial communication)





AKZ149 AKZ329 Specifications

| Oil Cooling Unit horsepower(| P) | | | | 0.6 | 5 | | | | | 1.2 | 2 | | | | | 1.5 | 5 | |
|---|----------|--------------|--------------|---------------|--------------------------------|---|--|------------|---------------------|-----------------|--|---|--|----------------------------|---------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| Model name | | | | | AKZ1 | 149 | | | | | AKZ | 329 | | | | | AKZ4 | 139 | |
| Wodername | | Stan dard | - B | - C | - H | - T *9 | Different voltage specifications *3 | Sta dar | an d -B | -c | - H | -T.a | Different voltage specifications *3 | Stan dard | - B | -с | - H | -T.a | Different voltage specifications *3 |
| Cooling capacity(50/60Hz)" I | W | | | | 1.3 | /1.4 | | L | | | 2.8/ | 3.2 | | L | | | 3.8/ | 4.3 | |
| Heater I | W | | _ | | 1 | - | _ | L | _ | | 1 | - | - | L | _ | | 1 | - | |
| Supply power ² | _ | 3-Ph | nase | AC 2 | 200/200•220 | V 50/60Hz | *3 | | | | 200/200-220 | | *3 | 3-P | hase i | 4C 2 | 00/200-220 | V 50/60Hz | *3 |
| Circuit voltage Main circui | .*3 | | | | | | | 3 | -Phas | e A | C 200/20 | | 50/60Hz | | | | | | |
| Operating ci | _ | | | | | | | _ | | | DC12 | /24V | | | | | | | |
| 200V 5 |)Hz | 0.90 | kW/3 | 3 . 9A | 1.29kW/4.1A | 0.90kW/3.9A | | 12 | 36kW/4 | 1.9A | 1.49kW/4.8A | 1.36kW/4.9A | | | | 1.8 | 0kW/6.6 | Ą | |
| Max. power consumption Max. consumption current 200V 6 |)Hz | 0.91 | kW/3 | 3 . 6A | 1.32kW/4.2A | 0.91kW/3.6A | *10 | 1. | 43kW/4 | 1.8A | 1.61kW/5.2A | 1.43kW/4.8A | *10 | | | 1.8 | 8kW/6.4 | Д | *10 |
| 220V 6 |)Hz | 0.91 | kW/3 | 3 . 5A | 1.43kW/4.2A | 0.91kW/3.5A | | 1. | 43kW/4 | 1.6A | 1.72kW/5.0A | 1.43kW/4.6A | | | | 1.8 | 8kW/6.1 | Д | |
| Transformer capacity | | | | | _ | | 2.6kVA | | | | - | | 2.6kVA | | | | - | | 2.6kVA |
| Exterior color | | | | | | | | | | | Ivory v | vhite | | | | | | | |
| Outside dimensions (H×W×D) r | ım | 650× | (360) | ×440 | 950×360×440 | 810×360×535 | 950×360×440 | 77 | 5×360× | (440 | 1075×360×440 | 965×360×535 | 1075×360×440 | 875 | ×360× | 440 | 1175×360×440 | 1065×360×535 | 1175×360×440 |
| Compressor (Totally enclosed DC swing t | pe) | | | Е | quivalent | to 0.4kW | | | | E | quivalent t | o 0.75kW | , | | | Е | quivalent | to 1.1kW | |
| Evaporator | 一 | | | | | | | | | : | Shell-end | coil type | | | | | | | |
| Condenser | 一 | | | | | | | | | | Cross-fin | coil type | | | | | | | |
| Propeller fan Motor | \neg | | | | φ250、 | 54W | | Г | | | | | φ300 | ,54 | W | | | | |
| Motor | \dashv | | | | , | | | | | | 0.4kW | ×4P | , | | | | | | |
| Oil Theoretical disaberra rate 1. | nin | | | | 12/1 | 4.4 | | | | | | | 24/ | 28.8 | 3 | | | | |
| pump | ⊃a | | | | 0.5 | | | H | | | | | 0 | | | | | | |
| | Ť | | | | | | re or mad | l hin | e tem | ner | ature '4(S | et to "Roc | | | ص M | ode | 3" by det | fault) | |
| chroni- Ohioet to be open | ollad | | | | | | | | | | emperature | | | | | | | | |
| Temperature zation adjust type Synchronization range | | | | | 11.110 | | | | | | standard to | | | | | | | -/ | |
| (Selectable) | | | | | | 5.0 | | - | | | erature or | | | | Jy u | riac | лі, | | |
| 1 1/100 | °C | | | | | | 111 | let | OII (e | пре | 5~! | | temperatu | i e | | | | | |
| - Trange | - | | | | | 0 | | | | | | | . 6 . 1 | | | | | | |
| Refrigerant control | _ | | | | 0.4 | | essor revo | ojui T | tions i | oy II | nverter + | | or electric | exp | ans | on | | | |
| Refrigerant(New refrigerant: R410A) ¹⁵ Filling amount | kg | | | | 0.4 | | | L | | | 0.7 | | | | | | 0.9 | | |
| Protection equipment | | ro | om-t mper | empe ature | erature protect thermostat, | tion thermos refrigerant l ea | tat, l ow oil-ter ak detector, a | mpe and | erature inverter | prote r prot | tion equipmer ction thermost tection equipr -H type only) | stat, re l ief va ment. High-pr | lve for pump, essure switc | discl h(- C | narge type | tube on l y | temperature), compresso | thermostat, r protection | condenser thermostat |
| Room temperature | °C | | | J 1910 | 0 0111977, 01011 | loat provonti | orr torriporata | | 101111001 | | 5~4 | | ootion owno | | typo | Oy. | , 110 1000 010 | anor (D ty) | 00 01 11 / |
| Inlet oil temperature | _ | | | | | | | | | | 5~! | | | | | | | | |
| Operating Oil viscosity mm | _ | | | | | | | | 1 | 1- | -200(ISO | | 20/ | | | | | | _ |
| range On viscosity IIIIII | | | | | | | | | | .4 | 0.5MPa | | 02) | | | | | | |
| Product external Discharge pressure loss Suction s | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | _ | | | |
| | ue | | | | | | | | | | −30.7kPa | | | | | | | | B. 11 1 3 |
| Usable oil | \dashv | Lubr | ricant | , hydr | aulic oil of mir | neral oil(Not u | isable for hydra | aulic | c oil of e | ester | phosphate, wa | | ble liquid, dru | gs, 100 | od pro | ducts | , fue l , cutting l | liquid, grinding | g liquid, etc.) |
| Oil inlet | - | | _ | | | | | | | | Rc3 | /4 | | | | | | _ | |
| Connecting tube Oil outlet | \dashv | R | c3/ | 4 | Rc1 1/4 | | Rc3/4 | | | | Rc1 1/4 | | Rc3/4 | | | | Rc1 1/4 | Rc | 3/4 |
| Oil drain | _ | | | | | | | | | | Rc1/4(Pl | lugged) | | | | | | | |
| Noise value (Value measured at 1m high in front, value equivalent as measured in anechoic chamber). 0 | \neg | | | | | | 6. | _ | | | | | | | | | 65 | 5 | |
| Transport vibration performance | 7 | | | | | | Up down | 1- | 4.7m/ | /S ² | ×2.5 hr(7 | | z sweep | / 5 | min. |) | | | |
| Ingress protection*6 | _ | | | | | | | | | | IP2 | X | | | | | | | |
| Mass | kg | | 51 | | 78 | 68 | 87 | | 56 | | 83 | 73 | 92 | | 64 | | 91 | 81 | 100 |
| Molded-case circuit breaker(Rated current) | Α | - | 10 | | | _ | | - | 10 | | | | | Ε | 10 | | | | |
| Oil tank(Capacity) | L | | | - | | 15 | - | | | - | | 20 | _ | | | - | | 20 | |
| Items to be prepared Molded-case circuit by customer*8 breaker (Rated current | Α | | | | | | 1 | 0(| Requ | ired | for types | other thai | n —B type |) | | | | | |
| N . \ \ . T | | | | | da a control | | | | /:-I-+ | - 11 | | 0F°0 | | | -4 | . 0 | C°O -:1.4- | | 2 1/000) |

- Note) *1. The cooling capacity represents the value at the standard point (inlet oil temperature: 35°C, room temperature: 35°C, oil for use: ISO VG32).
 - The tolerance of the product is approx.±5%.
 *2. Be sure to use a commercial power supply for the power source. The use of an inverter power supply may cause burn damage to the unit. The voltage fluctuation range should be within $\pm 10\%$. If the voltage fluctuation range is more than $\pm 10\%$, please consult us.
 - *3. There are three types of different voltage specifications depending on the power source: -046, -047 and -048 units. -047 and -048 units deal with the different voltage by featuring a transformer. The main circuit voltage is the transformer's secondary side voltage of 200 VAC, 50/60 Hz.

 (-046 units have no transformer and therefore have the same external dimensions and mass as standard units. Their main circuit voltage is 220/230 VAC, 50/60 Hz.)
 - *4. The machine temperature synchronous thermistor optionally available is required for this function. (Refer to Page 19 for details.)

 *5. The MSDS (Material Safety Data Sheet) of refrigerant R410A is attached to —C type.

 *6. Electric component box ingress protection: IP54 or equivalent (However, use piping conduits etc. rated at least IP54 at wiring ports.)

 - *7. The specifications for withstanding vibration during transport are those of a standard unit.

 *8. The molded-case circuit breaker is not supplied with this product. Please prepare it by yourself.

 *9. The yellow line on the tank oil level gauge shows the highest oil level and the red line the lowest oil level.
 - *10. The maximum power consumption/maximum current consumption of different voltage specifications are shown in the tables below.

| AKZ149 | | AKZ329 | | AKZ439 | |
|----------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|
| Supply power | Power/current | Supply power | Power/current | Supply power | Power/curren |
| 380V | 0.92kW 2.1A | 380V | 1.38kW 2.6A | 380V | 1.82kW 3.4/ |
| 100V | 0.92KW 1.9A | 400V | 1.44kW 2.5A | 400V | 1.89kW 3.3/ |
| | 0.93kW | 415V 50/60Hz | 1.46kW 2.4A | 415V 50/60Hz | 1.90kW\3.1/ |
| 140V 50/60HZ | 0.92kW 1.8A | 440V 50760HZ | 1.38kW 2.3A | 440V 50/60HZ | 1.82kW 3.0/ |
| 160V | U.92KW | 460V | 1.44kW 2.2A | 460V | 1.89kW 2.9/ |
| 180V | 0.93kW 1.7A | 480V | 1.46kW 2.1A | 480V | 1.90kW 2.7/ |
| | | | | | |

| AKZ569 | |
|--------------|----------------|
| Supply power | Power/current |
| 380V | 4.0A |
| 400V | 3.8A |
| 415V 50/60Hz | 3.6A |
| 440V 50/60HZ | 2.22KVV 3.4A |
| 460V | 3.3A |
| 480V | 3.1A |

| AKZ909 | |
|--------------|---------------|
| Supply power | Power/current |
| 380V¦ | 7.1A |
| 400V | 6.8A |
| 415V 50/60Hz | 4.28kW 6.5A |
| 440V 50/60HZ | 4.28KW 6.2A |
| 460V | 5.9A |
| 480V | 5.7A |

AKZ569 AKZ909

| Oil Cooling Unit horsepower (HP) | | | | 2.0 |) | | 3.0 | | | | | |
|---|--------------|---------------------|---------------------|---|---|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|---|--|--|
| Model name | | | | AKZS | 569 | | | | | AKZS | 909 | |
| Woder name | Stan dard | - B | -с | -T.a | —н | Different voltage specifications *3 | Stan dard | - B | _C | -L.a | —н | Different voltage specifications *3 |
| Cooling capacity(50/60Hz)" kW | | | | 5.0/ | 5.6 | | | | | 8.0/9 | 9.0 | |
| Heater kW | | | _ | | 2 | _ | | | _ | | 3 | _ |
| Supply power ² | 3- | Phase | AC 2 | 200/200•220 | V 50/60Hz | *3 | 3- | Phase | AC 2 | 200/200•220 | V 50/60Hz | *3 |
| Main circuit*3 | | | | | 3-Ph | ase AC 200/2 | 00.2 | 20V 5 | 0/601 | ⊣z | | |
| Circuit voltage Operating circuit | | | | | | DC12 | 2/24V | | | | | |
| 200V 50Hz | | 2.2 | 22kW | /7.7A | 2.50kW/8.4A | | | | 4 | .25kW/13.6A | | |
| Max. power consumption Max. consumption current 200V 60Hz | | 2.3 | 30kW | /7.6A | 2.57kW/8.1A | *10 | | | 4 | .30kW/13.5A | | *10 |
| 220V 60Hz | | 2.3 | 30kW | /7.3A | 3.00kW/8.9A | | | | 4 | .28kW/13.0A | | |
| Transformer capacity | | | | _ | | 4.0kVA | | | | - | | 6.0kVA |
| Exterior color | | | | | | Ivory | white | | | | | |
| Outside dimensions (H×W×D) mm | 1110 | ×470 | ×560 | 1375×470×580 | 1410×470×560 | | _ | | ×680 | 1485×560×700 | 1520×560×680 | 1470×560×659 |
| Compressor (Totally enclosed DC swing type) | | | | Equivalent | | 1000 110 000 | | | | Equivalent | | |
| Evaporator | | | | Equivalent | 10 1.0.01 | Brazed p | late t | vne | | Equivalent | 10 2.2 | |
| Condenser | \vdash | | | | | Cross-fin | | | | | | |
| Propeller fan Motor | | | | φ400、 | 100W | 01033-1111 | COIL | урс | | φ455、1 | 100W | |
| Motor | 0.75k | MV1D | 0.7kWx4P | | 0.75kW | /V4D | | | 0.7kW×4P | φ455 | 0.75kW×4P | |
| Oil — | U.75K | WA4P | U./MYA4P | | U.75KW | | /36 | | U./MIA4P | | 0.75KWA4P | |
| pump Theoretical discharge rate L/min | | | | | | 0 | | | | | | |
| Open pressure MPa | | | | | | | - | ii n | | | 0" 1 (1) | |
| Syn- Standard | | | Но | | e or machine to | | | | | | - | |
| Temperature zation | | | | | erature or outle | | | | | | | |
| adjust type Synchronization K (Selectable) | | | | -9.9 | ~+9.9 agains | | | | | | ult) | |
| Fixed Object to be controlled | | | | | Inlet oil | temperature or | | t oil te | emper | ature | | |
| type Range °C | | | | | | 5~ | | | | | | |
| Refrigerant control | | | | | ssor revolution | s by inverter + | Oper | ning o | f elec | | | |
| Refrigerant(New refrigerant: R410A) ¹⁵ Filling amount kg | | | | 1.0 | 2 | | | | | 1.4 | 8 | |
| Protection equipment | roor tem | n-tempe perature | erature p thermo | orotection thermosta stat, refrigerant lea | ump), reverse-phase at, low oil-temperatu k detector, and inve n temperature therm | re protection therm rter protection equip | ostat, re oment. I | lief valv High-pre | e for pu ssure si | mp, discharge tube witch(—C type on l y | temperature therm), compressor prote | ostat, condenser ection thermostat |
| Room temperature °C | | | | | | 5~ | 45 | | | | | |
| Inlet oil temperature °C | | | | | | 5~ | 50 | | | | | |
| Operating Oil viscosity mm²/s | | | | | | 1.4~200(IS |) VC | 2~3 | 2) | | | |
| Product external Discharge side | | | | | | 0.5MPa | or le | ss | | | | |
| pressure loss Suction side | | | | | | − 30.7kF | a or I | ess | | | | |
| Usable oil | Lubrica | ant, hydr | au l ic oil | of mineral oil (Not us | able for hydraulic oil | of ester phosphate, w | ater, wa | ter solub | le liquid, | drugs, food products | s, fuel, cutting liquid, a | grinding liquid, etc.) |
| Oil inlet | R | c1 1/ | 4 | Rc1 | Rc1 | 1/4 | F | c1 1/ | 4 | Rc1 | Rc1 | 1/4 |
| Connecting tube Oil outlet | | | | | | Rc1 | 1/4 | | | | | |
| Oil drain | | | | | | Rc1/4(F | lugge | ed) | | | | |
| Noise value (Value measured at 1m high in front, value equivalent as measured in anechoic chamber) dB (A) | | | | 65 | 5 | | | | | 67 | , | |
| Transport vibration performance ^{*7} | | | | | Up down 14.7 | m/S ² ×2.5 hr(| 7.5~ | 100H: | z swe | | | |
| Ingress protection'6 | | | | | | IP: | | | | | | |
| Mass kg | | 82 | | 115 | 100 | 145 | ,, | 97 | | 132 | 122 | 175 |
| Molded-case circuit breaker(Rated current) A | - | 15 | | | _ | | _ | 20 | | | _ | |
| Oil tank(Capacity) | | - | | 50 | _ | | | _ | | 70 | _ | _ |
| Items to be prepared Molded-case circuit A | | 1.5 | (Rec | | other than -B | tyne) | | | (Recu | | other than -B | tyne) |
| by customer*8 breaker(Rated current) A | | 16 | rrequ | uncu for types | outer utait -B | ypc/ | | 20 | ricyl | andu for types | outer utail -B | ypc/ |

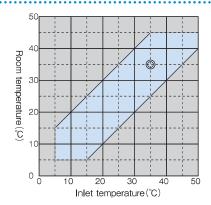
Refer to Page 5 for explanatory notes.

Range of use

Note) 1. The mark $\ \ \bigcirc$ shows the standard point.

2. Be sure to use the unit at the range of use specified in _____.

(The use outside the use range may cause unit failure.)



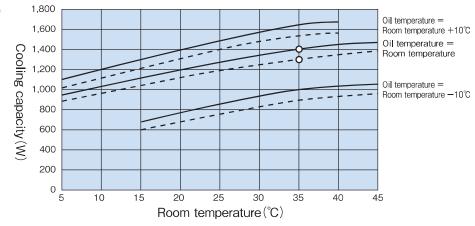
OILCOOLING UNIT 6



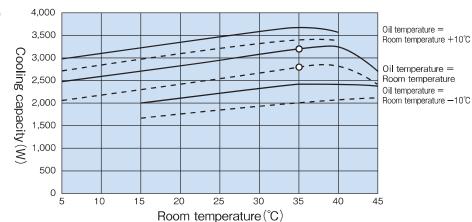


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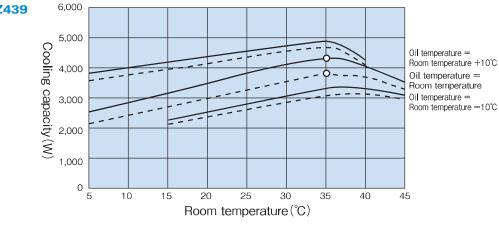




AKZ329

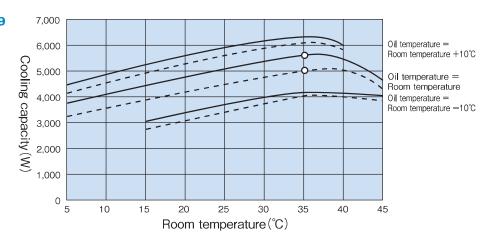


AKZ439

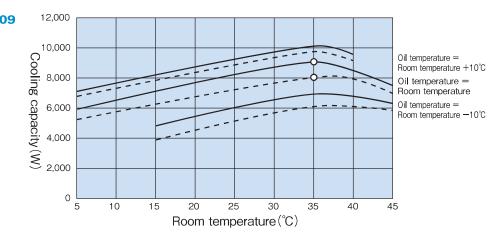


•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••

AKZ569



AKZ909



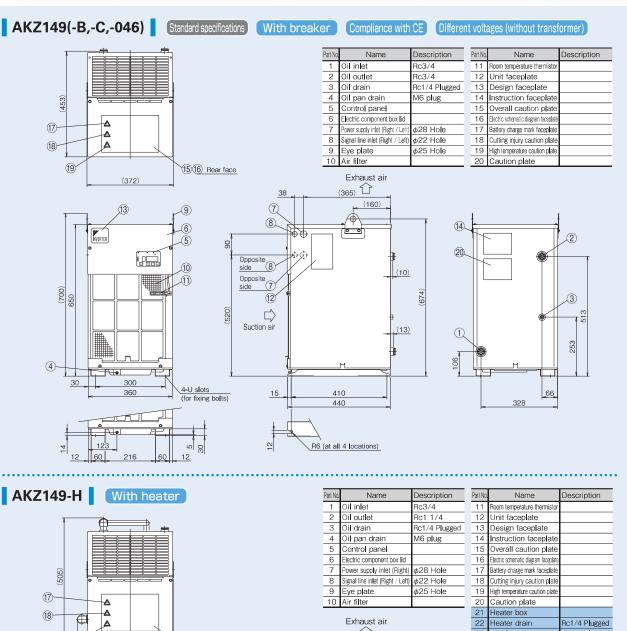
■Solid line ---: When operated at 60Hz ■Broken line - - -: When operated at 50Hz

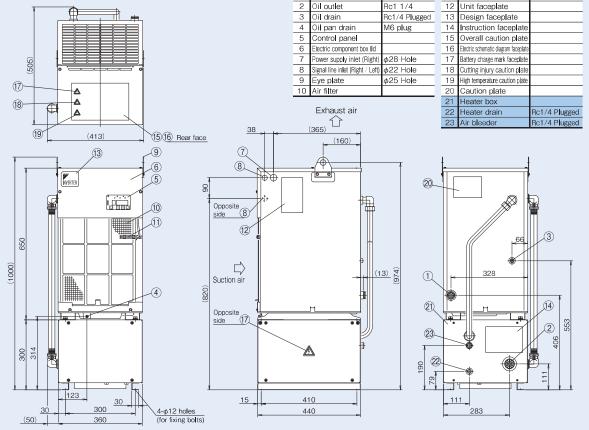
- 1. The mark "O" shows the standard point.

 (Room temperature: 35°C Inlet oil temperature: 35°C Oil for use: ISO VG32)
- 2. The cooling capacity differs depending on conditions such as room temperature, inlet oil temperature, oil dynamic viscosity and other factors.



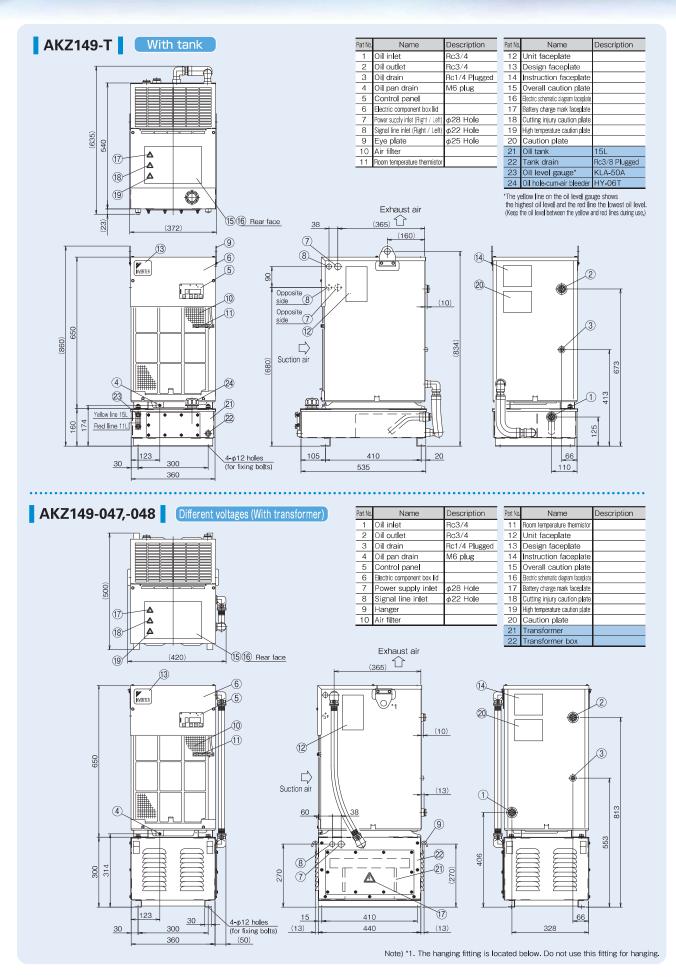










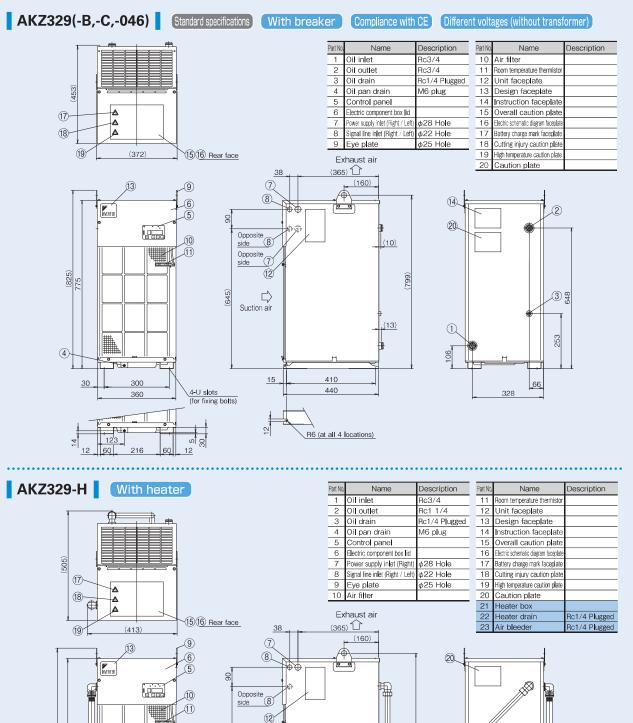






Outside dimension diagram





Suction air

Opposite side 17

A

410

440

(13)

1

21)

(23)

283





1125)

314

(50)

123

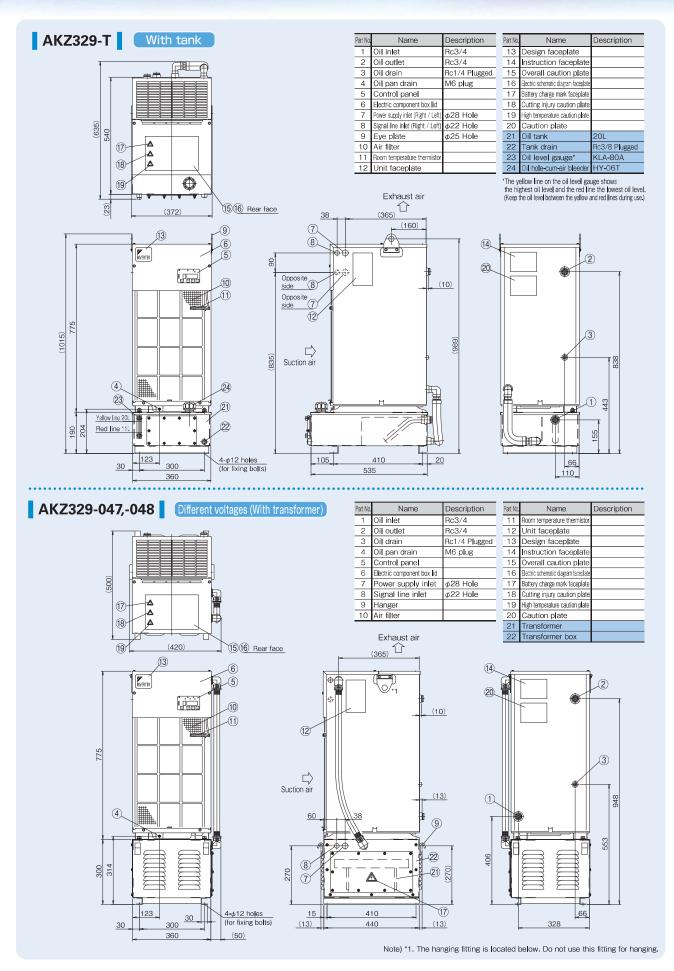
30

300

4-φ12 holes

(for fixing bolts)

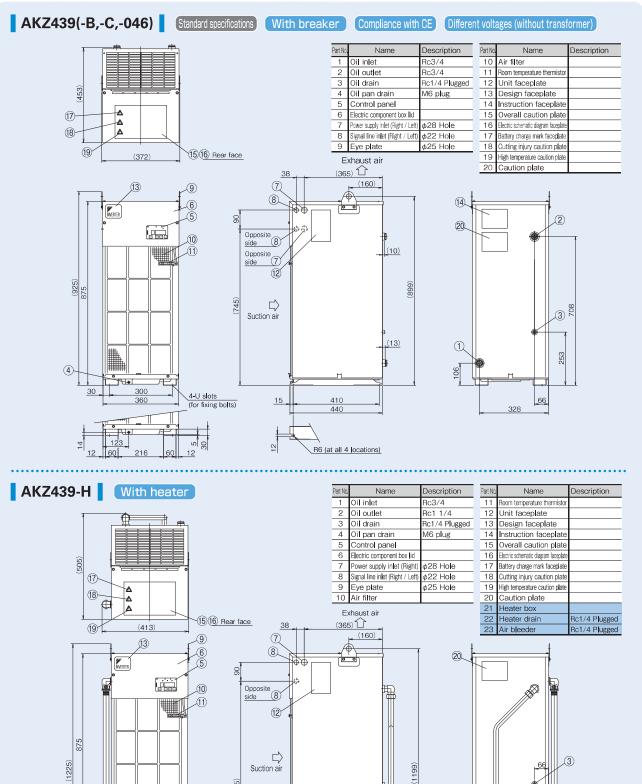
14)











(13)

1

(23)

111

BIBUS

123

330

(50)

4

4-φ12 holes

(for fixing bolts)

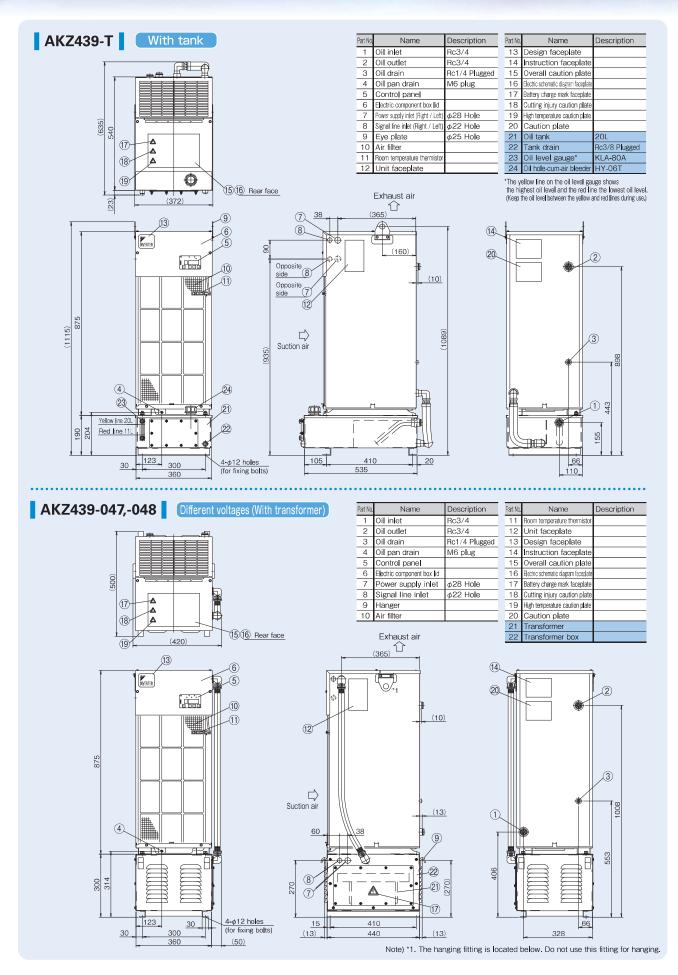
30

300

Opposite 17

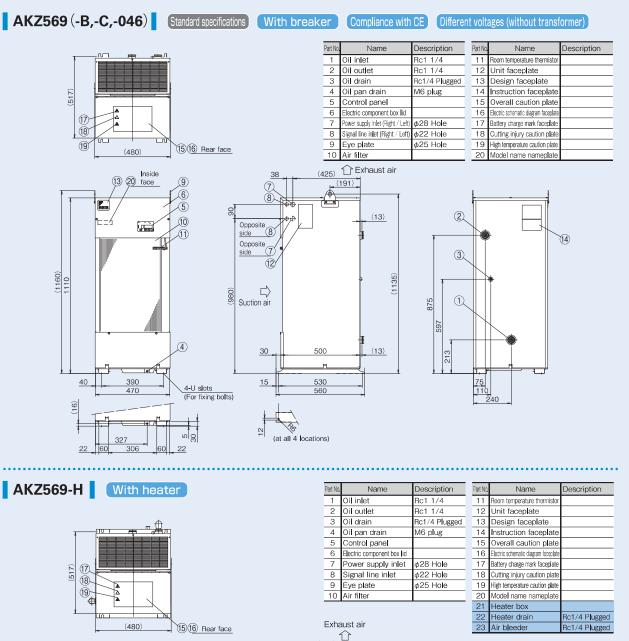
<u>15</u>

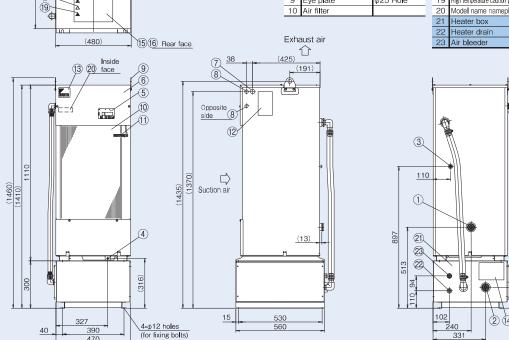
410 440 ,14) ,2)





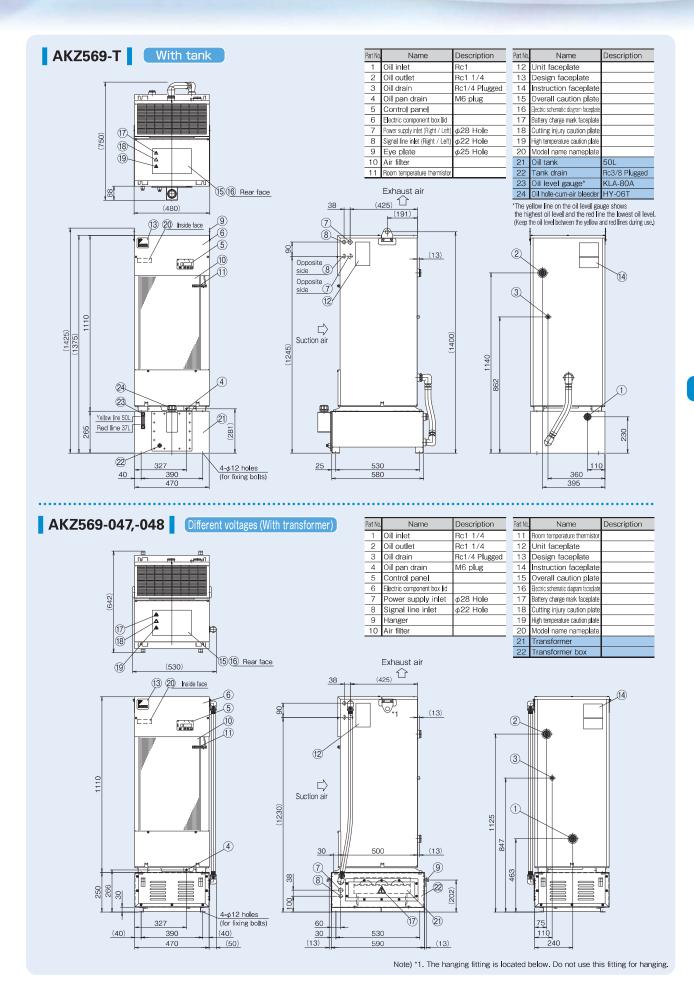






15 OIL COOLING UNIT

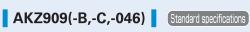




OILCOOLING UNIT 16





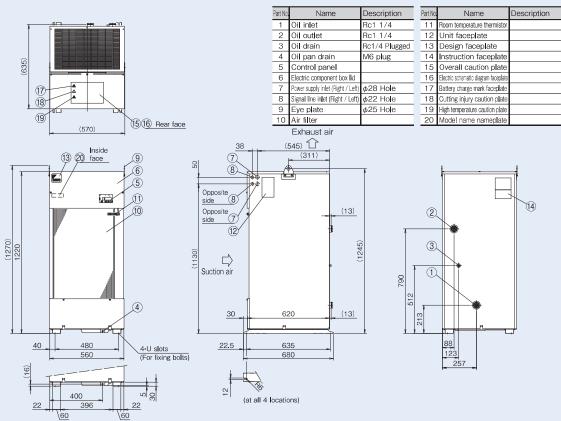


Outside dimension diagram

With breaker

Compliance with CE

Different voltages (without transformer)



Name

Oil outlet

Oil drain

Oil pan drain

2

Description

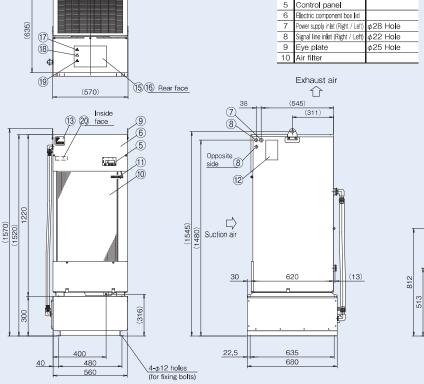
Rc1/4 Plugged

Rc1 1/4

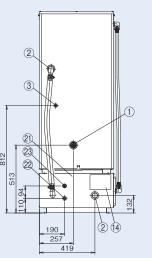
M6 plug

AKZ909-H

With heater

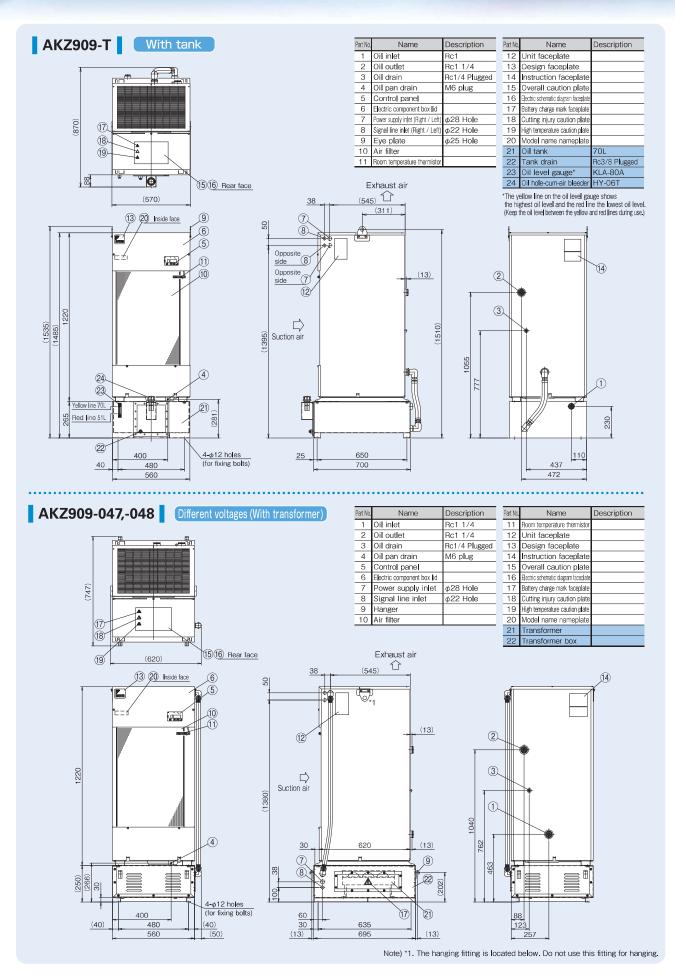


| Part No. | Name | Description |
|----------|--------------------------------------|---------------|
| 11 | Room temperature thermistor | |
| 12 | Unit faceplate | |
| 13 | Design faceplate | |
| 14 | Instruction faceplate | |
| 15 | Overall caution plate | |
| 16 | Electric schematic diagram faceplate | |
| 17 | Battery charge mark faceplate | |
| 18 | Cutting injury caution plate | |
| 19 | High temperature caution plate | |
| 20 | Model name nameplate | |
| 21 | Heater box | |
| 22 | Heater drain | Rc1/4 Plugged |
| 23 | Air bleeder | Rc1/4 Plugged |



17 OIL COOLING UNIT





OILCOOLING UNIT 18



Optional part

Thermistor (Compatible with all types of Oil Cooling Unit 9 series)

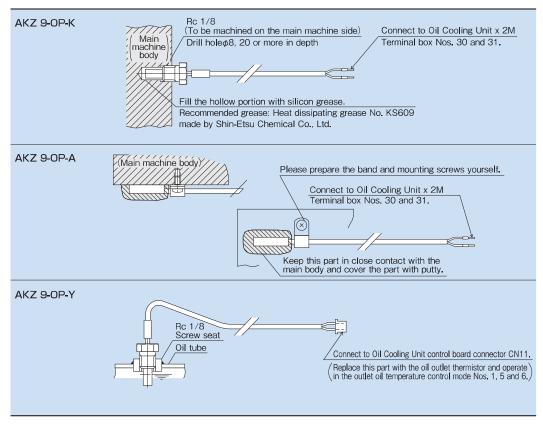
Thermistor models and applications

When this optional part is installed in the oil piping of the main machine, the thermistor detects the temperature to allow the control of oil temperature.

| Name | Model | Length of lead wire L(m) | Shape | Application (To be installed) by you | Applicable model |
|--|--------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|------------------|
| Machi | AKZ 9-OP-K5 | 5m | Plug-in terminal | For machine temperature | |
| ne tempe | AKZ 9-OP-K10 | 10m | 27.5 Lead wire | synchronous control / Implanted in | |
| erature s | AKZ 9-OP-K15 | 15m | R1/8 Lead wire | the main machine body | |
| Machine temperature synchronous thermistor | AKZ 9-OP-A5 | 5m | Plug-in terminal | For machine temperature synchronous control | AKZ 9 |
| thermistor | AKZ 9-OP-A10 | 10m | Lead wire | Attached to the surface of main machine body | Series |
| Thermistor for oil temperature control | AKZ 9-OP-Y5 | 5m | XHP-3 (Blue) SXH-001T-0.6 9 27.5 | For return oil temperature control | |
| stor for ure control | AKZ 9-OP-Y10 | 10m | R1/8 Lead wire | Installed in oil tube of the main machine | |

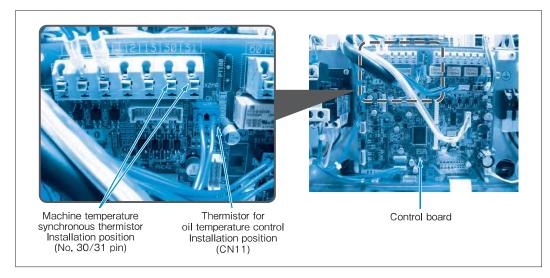
Thermistor characteristics: Resistance value \cdots R25 (Resistance value at 25°C) = 20k Ω , Tolerance: $\pm 3\%$

■Instruction for installation and connection





■Installation positions of additional oil temperature control thermistor (machine body or others)



Expansion board for main machine communication

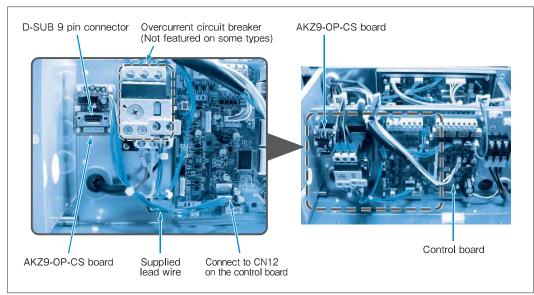
The following functions are enabled by mounting this option board on the Oil Cooling Unit and connecting it to the main machine:

- 1. The operation mode and the operation setting can be changed from the main machine side.
- 2. The alarm code and temperature data (machine temperature, room temperature, inlet oil temperature, outlet oil temperature, inlet and outlet differential temperature, inverter frequency) of Oil Cooling Unit can be read from the main machine side.

| Communication method | Model | Installation position | Applicable model | Specification sheet No. |
|---------------------------|------------|--|------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Serial communication only | AKZ9-OP-CS | Installation plate inside electric component box | AKZ149、AKZ329、AKZ439、AKZ569、AKZ909 | PSP04664 |

Note) 1. Refer to the specifications sheet for the communication procedure and specifications.

■Installation position for AKZ9-OP-CS(serial communication only)



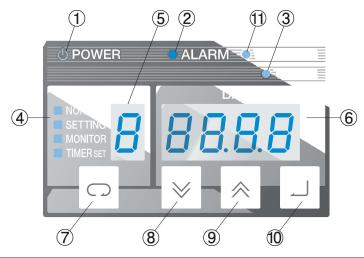
- Dimensions of communication board $(W \times H) : 40 \times 50$
- · The communication board is secured at four positions by locking support.

OILCOOLING UNIT 20





Part names, functions and operation of control panel

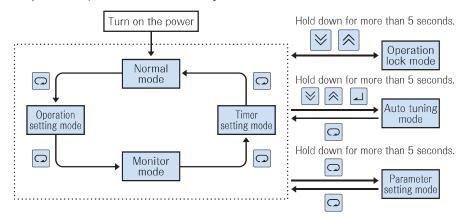


| NO. | Item | Description | | | | | |
|-----|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 1 | Power lamp (Green) | The lamp is turned on while power is supplied. | | | | | |
| 2 | Error warning lamp (Red) | When an error occurs Level 1 alarm: The lamp keeps blinking Level 2 alarm: The lamp is turned on | | | | | |
| 3 | Timer mode lamp (Red) | The lamp keeps blinking while the unit is at a stop in the timer mode. | | | | | |
| 4 | Operation mode display | Displays the mode of the control panel NORMAL: Normal mode SETTING: Operation setting mode TIMER SET: Timer setting mode | | | | | |
| 5 | Operation mode / Data No. display | Displays the current operation mode (Normal mode, Operation setting mode) or data number of the data currently displayed on the data display part. | | | | | |
| 6 | Data display | Displays various data. The data displayed differs depending on the operation mode and data number. | | | | | |
| 7 | [SELECT] key | Selects the operation mode. | | | | | |
| 8 | [DOWN] key | Decrements the value of the operation mode, data number and data by 1. When held for two seconds or longer, decrements the values by 10. | | | | | |
| 9 | [UP] key | Increments the value of the operation mode, data number and data by 1. When held for two seconds or longer, increments the values by 10. | | | | | |
| 10 | [ENT] (Determine) key | Determines the operation mode, data number, and data to be changed. | | | | | |
| 11) | Warning lamp (Green) | When a warning occurs Level 1 warning: The lamp keeps blinking. Level 2 warning: The lamp is turned on. | | | | | |

Operation for change to each mode

A mode can be changed by operating the \bigcirc key in general.

To enter a special mode, hold down a number of keys in combination for more than 5 seconds.





- The default setting is "Operation lock mode".
 To start operation, perform the unlocking operation as shown above.
- The default setting for operation on the standard unit is:

 Operation mode: 3 (Inlet oil temperature control, room temperature synchronization control)

 Differential temperature: 0.0 (K)





Operation mode and setting method

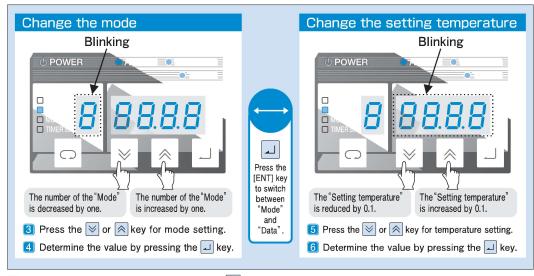
| AKZ | 9 Series | | | |
|----------|---|--|---|---|
| Mode No. | Mode name | Description | Setting temperature range | Necessary optional part |
| Mode 0 | Inlet oil temperature, fixed temperature control | Keep the inlet oil temperature at the setting temperature within the range specified in the right column. | 5~50℃ | |
| Mode 1 | Outlet oil temperature or return oil temperature control Fixed temperature control | Keep the outlet oil temperature or return oil temperature at the setting temperature within the range specified in the right column. | 5~50℃ | Oil temperature control thermistor (When return oil temperature is controlled) |
| Mode 3 | Inlet oil temperature, room temperature synchronous control | Keep the inlet oil temperature at the setting temperature within the range specified in the right column. | Between Room temperature -9.9°C and Room temperature + 9.9°C | |
| Mode 4 | Inlet oil temperature, machine temperature synchronous control | Keep the inlet oil temperature at the setting temperature within the range specified in the right column. | Between Machine temperature -9.9°C and Machine temperature+ 9.9°C | Machine temperature synchronous thermistor |
| Mode 5 | Outlet oil temperature or return oil temperature control, room temperature synchronous control | Keep the outlet oil temperature or return oil temperature at the setting temperature within the range specified in the right column. | Between Room temperature -9.9°C and Room temperature + 9.9°C | Oil temperature control thermistor (When return oil temperature is controlled) |
| Mode 6 | Outlet oil temperature or return oil temperature control Machine temperature synchronous control | Keep the outlet oil temperature or return oil temperature at the setting temperature within the range specified in the right column. | Between Machine temperature -9.9°C and Machine temperature + 9.9°C | Oil temperature control thermistor (When return oil temperature is controlled) Machine temperature synchronous thermistor |

Note) 1. Modes 2, 7, and 8 cannot be used on this series. Note) 2. Refer to Page 19 for details of necessary optional parts.

■Setting procedure: AKZ

Default setting: Set to "Mode: 3" and temperature to "0.0". When you use your unit at a setting other than the default setting, change the setting following the procedure shown below.

- 1 Power ON --- Release the operation lock mode before starting operation for the first time. Hold down the ⋈ key and key simultaneously for more than 5 seconds.
- Select the "Setting" mode and press the key once.



To return to the "Normal" mode, press the key three times.

Points checked in the monitor mode

The following points can be checked in the monitor mode.

| Monitor No. | Description | Note |
|-------------|--|------|
| 0 | Machine body temperature [Th1] | *1 |
| 1 | Outlet oil temperature or return oil temperature [Th2] | *1 |
| 2 | Room temperature [Th3] | *1 |
| 3 | Inlet oil temperature [Th4] | *1 |
| 4 | Reserved [Th5] | *1 |

| Monitor No. | Description | Note | | |
|-------------|---|------|--|--|
| 5 | △T(Th4~Th2) | *1 | | |
| 6 | _ | | | |
| 7 | 7 Compressor inverter rotational speed (rps) | | | |
| 8 | 8 Power consumption (kW) | | | |
| 9 | Extended DIN (hundreds digit), DOUT (tens digit) status | *2 | | |

^{*1.} If the thermistor is not connected or has a broken wire, -99.9 is displayed.

OIL COOLING UNIT | 22

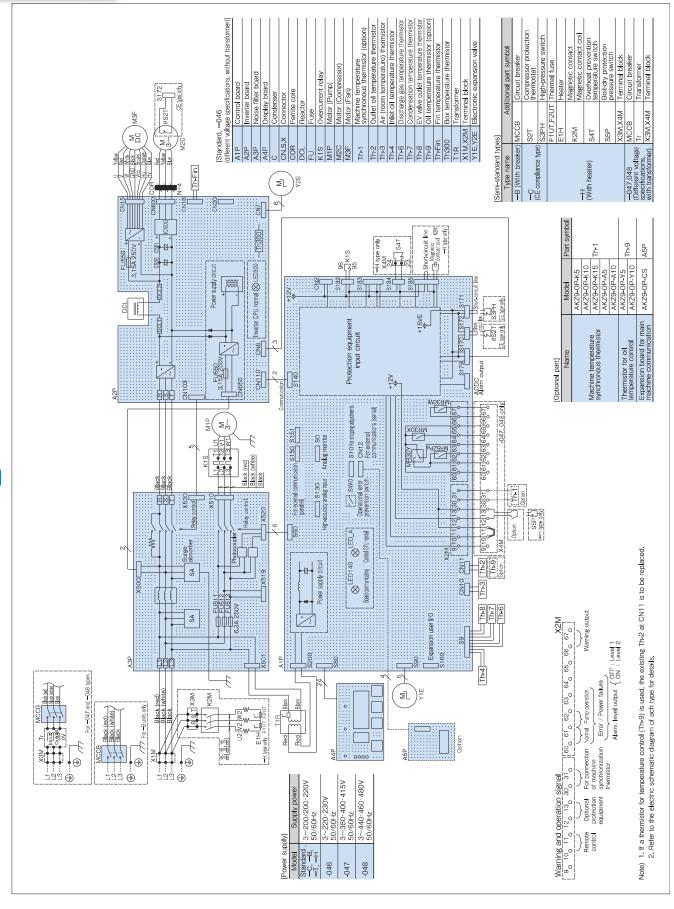


Supporting

information

^{*2.} With the default setting, 0 is displayed. Note that display is enabled when parameter n020 is "1" or the optional communication expansion board is installed.

^{*3.} This is the value obtained by rough calculation under the following conditions (the error is around 20%): power supply voltage of 200 V, pump discharge pressure of 0.2 MPa (VG32: oil temperature 25°C). Contact us separately about pumpless units.







Electric wiring connection instruction diagram

1 Power supply capacity ··· Refer to the max. power consumption and max. consumption current of the specification sheet of each type.

2 Connection to power supply terminal block (X1M, Tr)

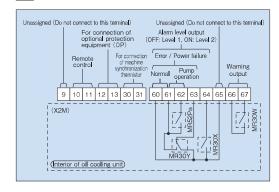
- (1) In the case of the standard type and semi-standard type
- (-C,-H,-T,-046), connect the line to X1M.
 (2) In the case of "with breaker" (-B) specifications, connect to the circuit breaker.
- (3) In the case of the semi-standard type (with transformer:-047,-048), connect the line to the terminal block supplied with the transformer.

1. Screw terminal and wiring diameter

| Series | Terminal | Screw | Wiring diameter | | | | |
|---------------------|----------|----------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--|--|
| Series | block | terminal | JIS cable | IEC cable | UL cable | | |
| AKZ 149,329,439,569 | X1M | M4 | 2.0mm ² | 2.5mm ² | AWG [±] 14 | | |
| ANZ 149,329,439,309 | Breaker | M5 | or more | or more | or more | | |
| AKZ 909 | X1M | M5 | 3.5mm ² | 4.0mm ² | AWG [#] 12 | | |
| ANZ 909 | Breaker | M5 | or more | or more | or more | | |

- 2. Use a round crimp-style terminal for connection.
- 3. The terminal block is for three poles and the earth wire is to be secured on the enclosure with a screw

3 Connection to signal terminal block (X2M)



Straight crimp terminal and wiring diameter

| Straight pin | Wiring diameter | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|--|--|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| termina l s | JIS cable | IEC cable | UL cable | | | | | |
| * | 0.25mm ² ~1.25mm ² | 0.3mm ² ~1.5mm ² | AWG [#] 22~ [#] 16 | | | | | |

- 2. Use a straight crimp-style terminal for connection,
- 3. Use stranded wires for electric connection.
- 4. The wiring size is 0.5 mm² to 1.5 mm² in the case of duplex cable according to IEC. If using stripped wire, make the stripped length 9 mm to 10 mm.
- *Recommended models and manufacturers: TGN TC-1.25-9T (NICHIFU Co., Ltd.)

APA-1.25N (DAIDO SOLDERLESS TERMINAL MFG. CO., LTD.)

4 Signal output time chart

(1) Alarm/operation status output chart

| | Operation status | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------|--------|-----------------------------|------------------|------------------------------|----------------|-----------------------------|------------------|------------------------------|--|
| | | | | 0 | N | | | OI | =F | | |
| Signal output | | _ | Normal | Level 1 error or Lock | Level 2 error | Power failure (Power OFF) | Norma l | Level 1 error or Lock | Level 2 error | Power failure (Power OFF) | |
| Normal (NO contact) | 60-61 | ON OFF | | | | | | | | | |
| Error / Stop (Power OFF) (NC contact) | 60-63 | ON OFF | | | | | | | | | |
| Error level (NO contact) | 60 - 64 | ON OFF | | | | | | | | | |
| Pump operation (NO contact) | 61 - 62 | ON OFF | | | | | | | | | |

(2) Warning output chart

| | Operation status | | | status Non-warning status | | | | Warning status | | | |
|-----------------------------|-------------------|--------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|--|-----------------------------|------------------|------------------------------|--|--|
| Signal output | | Normal | Level 1 error or Lock | | Power failure (Power OFF) | | Level 1 error or Lock | Level 2 error | Power failure (Power OFF) | | |
| Warning output (NO contact) | 66 – 67 ON | | | | | | | | | | |



- **CAUTION** 1. The following electric wires can be used on the terminal block for straight crimp-style terminals. Single wire: $\phi 0.57 \sim \phi 1.44 (AWG#22 \sim #16)$ Stranded wire: 0.25mm²~1.25mm² (AWG#22~16)
 - 2. Load applicable to [60 64] and [66 67] is as follows: Min. applicable load: 10mV DC, 10µA or more Max. applicable load: 30V DC, 2A (Resistance load)
- 3. For [10] to [13], please prepare contacts to meet the condition of minimum applicable load 12V DC and 5mA.
- 4. When the length of the thermistor to be connected to [30] - [31] is longer than 10m, or the wiring is routed in a poor noise environment, use shielded



| (3) | | U | | | ٧ | | | W | | | | | | |
|-----|--------------|----------------|------------|------------|------------|----------------|------------|------------|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| | \otimes | \otimes | \otimes | \otimes | \otimes | \otimes | \otimes | \otimes | \otimes | \otimes | \otimes | \otimes | \otimes | \otimes |
| | 380V 440V | 400 460 | 415 480 | 380 440 | 400 460 | 415 480 | 380 440 | 400 460 | 415 480 | | | | | (Earth) |
| Con | nect | the l i | nes t | o the | term | ina l s | corre | spon | ding 1 | to the | maii | n pov | ver su | ipply. |

OIL COOLING UNIT

DANGER

- 1. Always install an all-pole (3-pole) circuit breaker (to be prepared by you) of the specified capacity on the main power supply. *All contact distances must be at least 3 mm.
- 2. Always ground the unit. Since a noise filter is installed, there is a risk of electrical shock without proper grounding.
- 3. Before opening the electric component box, always turn off the power, and wait for 5 minutes until internal high voltage has been discharged.
- 4. Do not energize the equipment with the electric component box kept open.



CAUTION

- 1. To avoid the effects of noise, connect the power wire by cutting it to the proper length so that no excess wire comes into contact with the control board or others.
- 2. To perform remote control, remove the short-circuit wire between [10] and [11] and install an operation switch (to be prepared by you).
- 3. The mode is set to "Lock mode (Stop mode)" by default. Before starting operation, follow the procedure to release the Lock mode from the operation panel. Refer to the operation manual for the unlocking procedure.
- 4. The unit is provided with a misoperation prevention switch (PROTECT) to reject setting from the operation panel. If you want to use this function, make the necessary setting referring to the operation manual.

OIL COOLING UNIT | 24

Supporting information

Notes for installing external piping

If the external pressure loss (site piping resistance) exceeds the specified use range, there may occur phenomena such as abnormal noise of the pump (relief noise, noise of cavitation), decrease of cooling capacity and control failure of oil temperature. Keep the external pressure loss within the specified use range.

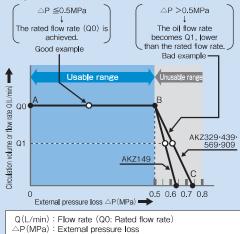
- 1. Suction-side piping Keep the suction vacuum pressure within the range between -30.7 and 0kPa. The use of a suction filter of 100 to 150 mesh is recommended.
- 2. Discharge-side piping Keep the pressure loss of the discharge-side piping at 0.5 MPa or less.
- 3. Do not install a stop valve on the suction or discharge side. When a stop valve must be installed on the discharge side out of necessity, use a 0.5Mpa relief valve along with the stop valve.
- 4. Calculation of piping resistance Determine the oil piping size by calculating the piping resistance according to the following equation:

Piping resistance $\triangle P=0.595 \times v \times Q \times L/D^4$ (For use of general hydraulic oil and lubricant)

- △ P : Piping resistance (MPa)
 - v: Dynamic coefficient of viscosity (mm²/s) -Refer to the Viscosity / Temperature Chart.
 - Q: Flow rate (L/min)
 - L: Piping length (m)
 - D: Internal piping diameter (mm)

Relationship between oil flow rate and external pressure loss An AKZ 9 series Oil Cooling Unit incorporating a pump of the circulation type has the characteristics shown below. When the

external pressure loss ($\triangle p)$ is 0.5 MPa or less, the rated flow rate (Q0) is achieved, but when the external pressure loss exceeds 0.5 MPa, the flow rate becomes lower than the rated flow rate.



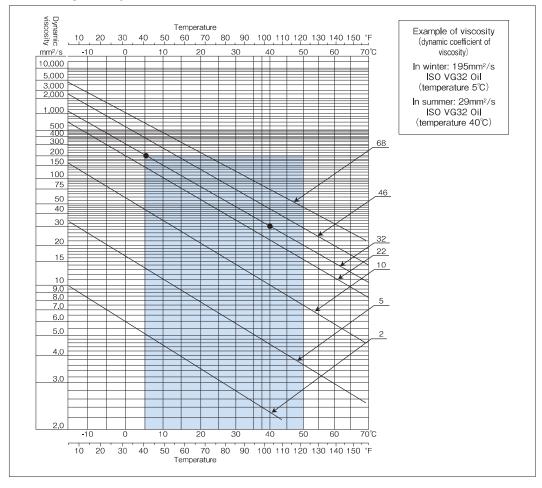
- - A: Status when the external pressure loss is "0.5Mpa"

 B: Status when the external pressure loss is "0.5Mpa"

 (Cracking pressure of relief valve)
 - (Cracking pressure of relief C: Status when the external pressure loss is large and the oil flow rate is "0"

Note) Design the site piping to withstand a pressure of at least 1.0 MPa.

■Viscosity / Temperature Chart





Notes for handling

Important notes to be observed regarding the main machine side (machine tools and industrial machine)

- 1. When adverse transport conditions are expected in transporting the machine overseas or elsewhere, special precautions should be taken in the packaging and transportation method so as to avoid the application of excessive force on Oil Cooling Unit (this unit).
- 2. Oil Cooling Unit (this unit) does not incorporate a flow switch for checking the oil supply and a temperature switch for abnormal supply of oil temperature (high temperature or low temperature). So, please provide a protection device such as a flow switch and a temperature switch on the main machine side.

Notes for operation and cooling capacity

- 1. Do not use Oil Cooling Unit for cooling a liquid at 50°C or more. Start to operate Oil Cooling Unit at the same time as the main machine or before liquid temperature rises to 40°C.
- 2. Do not place an object that hinders ventilation within 500mm of the suction port or discharge port.
- 3. If the air filter is clogged, the cooling capacity is reduced. Clean the air filter (wash with hot water or clean with air) periodically once every two weeks to prevent clogging.

Notes regarding liquid usable with Oil Cooling Unit

- The notes are given in the table below. (○ symbol ··· Can be used, × symbol ··· Cannot be used)
- 2. Do not use the liquid listed below as "not usable" (Marked with "X").

| | Special notes | AKZ 9 Series |
|--|--|--------------|
| Lubricant Mineral hydraulic oil | The third class petroleum and fourth class petroleum of the fourth group hazardous materials specified according to the Fire Defense Law, and oil equivalent to discoloration No. 1 according to the copper corrosion test method (JIS K2513) of petroleum products Oil equivalent to NAS 10 level according to the pollution level | |
| Nonflammable hydraulic oil Ester phosphate series Chlorinated hydrocarbon series Water - Glycol series W-O & O/W emulsion series (High-aqueous hydraulic oil) | | × |
| Coolant fluid Water-soluble cutting and grinding liquid Non water-soluble cutting and grinding oil | | × |
| Ethylene glycol (Antifreeze liquid) | | × |
| Water(Industrial water) | | × |
| Inflammable liquid like fuel | Liquid equivalent to special flammables, alcohol, first class petroleum and second class petroleum of the fourth group hazardous materials specified according to the Fire Defense Law | × |
| Drugs | | × |
| Liquid for food products | Drinking water, water for cooling food products, etc. | × |





Supporting information

Notes for handling

*Before operating this unit, be sure to read the operation manual and properly understand it.

Instructions for safe operation

Signs and Instruction

⚠ DANGER…Failure to observe the instruction may cause an imminent hazardous situation that may result in personal death or serious injury.

MARNING...Failure to observe the instruction may result in personal death or serious injury.

CAUTION... Failure to observe the instruction may result in personal injury or damage to the property.

(1) General instructions

- [\(\DANGER \)] Use the equipment only in accordance with the intended specifications (specified in brochure, specification sheet, operation manual, caution plate).
- [DANGER] ② Never operate the equipment in an explosive atmosphere
- [\(\triangle \) DANGER] 3 Do not disassemble, repair or modify the equipment by yourself.
- - ·Ventilate a room adequately (to avoid the risk of suffocation).
 - ·Avoid direct contact of the refrigerant with skin (to avoid the risk of frost injury).
 - In the event of inhalation of a great deal of refrigerant, contact with skin, and refrigerant in the eye, seek medical attention immediately.
- [MARNING] (6) In the event of an abnormal condition, stop operation promptly, investigate the cause of the problem and take appropriate remedial measures.
- [CAUTION] ⑦ Do not use the unit in atypical environments (locations subject to high temperatures, high humidity, or a lot of dust, contamination, particulate matter, steam, oil mist or corrosive gases: H2S,SO2,NO2 or CL2).
- [\(\triangle \) CAUTION] (a) Install a flow switch and temperature switch on the main machine to protect the main shaft and others.
- [AUTION] 9 Do not get on the equipment or place an object on the equipment.

2 Instructions for transportation

- [\(\triangle \) DANGER] ① When hoisting the equipment, check its weight and use the eye plates and hangers on the equipment properly.
- [\(\frac{\lambda}{\text{WARNING}}\) \(\text{2}\) Do not get approach the equipment while it is being hoisted and moved.
- [AUTION] 3 When moving the equipment, take appropriate measures for fall prevention.
- [\(\triangle \) CAUTION] \(\triangle \) Do not tilt the equipment 30 degrees or more while transporting the equipment (including during storage).

3 Instructions for installation

- [WARNING] 1 Install the equipment on a rigid, level foundation and secure it appropriately.
- [A CAUTION] ② Do not place an object near the suction port and discharge port of the equipment.

4 Instructions for wiring and piping installation

- [\(\tilde{\D}\) DANGER] ① Wiring and piping installation should be performed by a person with specialized knowledge and skills.
- [\! DANGER] ② Always use a commercial power supply for the power source. (The use of an inverter power supply may cause burn damage).
- [\(\triangle \) DANGER] 3 Connect the wiring for power supply in accordance with the electric wiring instruction diagram of the specification sheet and operation manual.
- [DANGER] 4 Ground the equipment properly.
- [\(\triangle \) WARNING] \(\text{S} \) Install the wiring in accordance with the standard by checking the electric schematic diagram.
- [CAUTION] 6 Always install a dedicated breaker (molded case circuit breaker) appropriate for the capacity of Oil Cooling Unit on the main power supply on site.
- [A CAUTION] ⑦ Check to see that the oil piping has the pressure resistance of 1MPa or more and install the piping appropriately.

5 Instructions for trial run

- [\(\triangle \) CAUTION] ① Check to see that the main machine is in a safe status (not activated) before starting the trial run.
- [CAUTION] ② Check to see that the oil piping and electric wiring are correctly connected to the main machine and that there is no looseness in connections and joints.
- [\(\triangle \) CAUTION] 3 Disable the operation lock of the equipment (Oil Cooling Unit) before starting the main machine.
- [A CAUTION] 4 Check to see that the required amount of oil is in the oil piping system and that the piping is not blocked in the middle.

6 Instructions during operation

- [WARNING] ② Do not push your finger or an object into gaps of the equipment.
- [\(\text{CAUTION} \) \(\text{3} \) Do not touch the heated exhaust port of the equipment.

7 Instructions for maintenance and inspection

- [\(\triangle \) DANGER] \(\triangle \) Perform maintenance and inspection with the equipment kept open. Working in a closed status may result in suffocation due to the leak of refrigerant.
- [DANGER] ② Always turn off the main power supply before starting maintenance and inspection.
- [\(\triangle \) DANGER] 3 Wait for five minutes after turning off the main power supply and start maintenance and inspection operation.
- [\triangle DANGER] 4 Do not operate the equipment with the cover of the equipment opened.
- [A CAUTION] ⑤ Wear protective gear such as gloves and an eye protector when performing maintenance, inspection and cleaning.
- [A CAUTION] 6 Clean the air filter periodically (once every two weeks in general).
- [A CAUTION] To Keep oil cleanliness to NAS 10 level or less according to the pollution level.
- [\triangle CAUTION] @ Check the oil level in the tank and ensure that it is between the yellow line and the red line.
- [A CAUTION]

 Inspect the underneath (drain pan) of the oil cooling unit once every six months, and if oil has accumulated, discharge it through the oil drainage port.



Supporting information

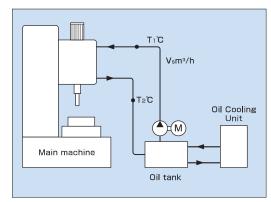
Method of selection of Oil Cooling Unit

Unit conversion formula ●1kW=860kcal/h

- 1. Select Oil Cooling Unit having a cooling capacity 20 to 30% larger than the heat release value from the machine tool.
- 2.Since the cooling capacity of Oil Cooling Unit varies with the change of liquid temperature (inlet liquid temperature) and room temperature, it is necessary to clarify the liquid temperature and room temperature conditions to select appropriate Oil Cooling Unit.
- 3. Three methods are shown below as a guide for estimating the heat release value from the machine tool. For determining the heat release value eventually, it is necessary to conduct tests and determine the exact heat release value for selecting appropriate Oil Cooling Unit.
- Calculation method of heat release value from main machine for the selection of appropriate Oil Cooling Unit (as a general guide)

In the case of cooling of main shaft of machining center

•Method 1: To estimate the heat release value from the temperature difference between the supply oil and return oil



Q=2.778×10-7Cp•γ•Vs•△T

Q : Heat release value(kW)

Cp : Constant pressure specific heat(J/kg°C)···1967.4J/kg°C

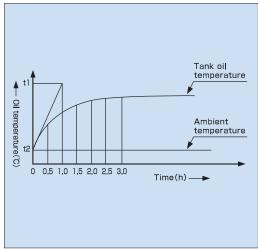
y : Weight volume ratio(kg/m³)···876kg/m³

Vs : Oil flow rate (m³/h)

△T: Temperature difference (°C) ··· T2−T1

E.g.) When "Vs" is $18\text{m}^3/\text{h}(30\text{L/min})$ and " \triangle T" is 5°C Q= $\underline{2.778\times10^{-7}\times1967.4\times876}\times1.8\times5$ = $\underline{0.479}\times1.8\times5$ $\stackrel{?}{=}4.3\text{kW}$

•Method 2: To estimate the heat release value from the increase rate of oil temperature in the tank



Find the maximum gradient of oil temperature increase

/ To find the maximum gradient of the oil

temperature, it is necessary to measure △t every one minute during the first 10 minutes.

Q=2.778×10-7Cp·γ·V·△t/H

Q : Heat release value(kW)

 $Cp \; : \; \text{Constant pressure specific heat} (\text{J/kg}^\circ\text{C}) \cdots 1967.4 \text{J/kg}^\circ\text{C}$

γ : Weight volume ratio(kg/m³)···876kg/m³

V : Total oil quantity (m³)

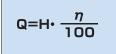
H: Time(h)

E.g.) When the total oil quantity is 300L (0.3m³) and " \triangle t" is 10°C.

 $Q = \underline{2.778 \times 10^{-7} \times 1967.4 \times 876} \times 0.3 \times 10$

=<u>0.479</u>×0.3×10≒1.4kW

Method 3: When motor output loss is considered to be the heat release value



Q: Heat release value(kW)

H: Motor output(kW)...For driving the main shaft

 η : Motor output loss(%)

E.g.) When the output loss is 30% for the motor output 7.5 kW \rightarrow The output loss is 30% or so in general (Cooling of main shaft head)

Q=7.5×0.3=2.3kW

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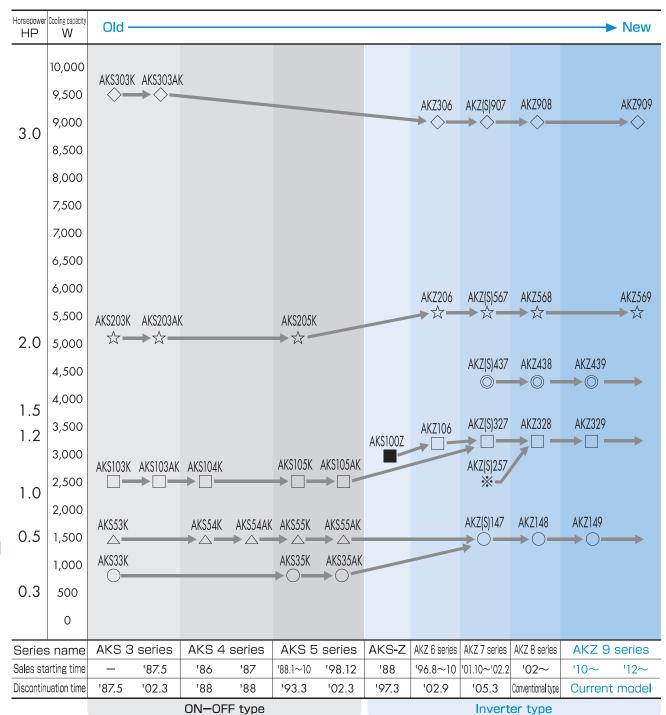
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Table of history of Oil Cooling Unit for cooling main shaft (Circulation type)

AKS→AKZ



- Note) 1. The larger the last number of a model name, the newer the series (For instance, AKS35K is newer than AKS33K). In addition, a model having the last alphabetic characters "AK" is newer than a model ending with "K" only. (For instance, AKS35AK is newer than AKS35K).
 - 2. The cooling capacity is represented by the value at the standard point and at 60 Hz for all models.
 - 3. The dimensions of the equipment may be changed on a newer type and older type on some models. Please check the dimensions on the brochure and specification sheet (outline drawing) for selecting your equipment.
 - When you are about to buy new equipment due to a failure of the equipment or for other reasons, please check the conditions of new equipment and select an appropriate type.

 - All the models have been changed to the inverter type since 2002.
 AKSZ(S)"7" series uses new refrigerant R407C, AKZ "8", AKZ "9" series uses new refrigerant R410A, and all other models use R22.
 - 6. Existing units of 1HP class (AKS105AK, AKZ(S) 257 class) were integrated into AKZ328 of 1.2HP class.





What Daikin can offer as a global manufacturer of air conditioning equipment

Daikin can offer you speedy delivery and reliability through a broad-based network in seven countries and regions throughout the world.



Overseas service network

Please contact Daikin Sales Counter for servicing of Oil Cooling Unit in countries outside Japan. Daikin is ready to offer you service in conjunction with the sales agents of our Air-conditioning and Hydraulic Divisions located in seven countries and regions worldwide.

| Country/Region | Locations | Company name |
|----------------|--------------------|--|
| | Beijing | 大金空調技術(北京)有限公司 DAIKIN AIR CONDITIONING TECHNOLOGY (BEIJING) CO.,LTD. |
| China | Shanghai | 大金空調技術 (上海) 有限公司 DAIKIN AIR CONDITIONING TECHNOLOGY (SHANGHAI) CO.,LTD. |
| Gillia | Guangzhou | 大金空調技術(広州)有限公司 DAIKIN AIR CONDITIONING TECHNOLOGY (GUANGZHOU) CO.,LTD. |
| | Shanghai | ◎大金工業株式会社 上海事務所 液圧控制課 DAIKIN SHANGHAI OFFICE OIL-HYDRAULICS DIV. |
| Korea | Seoul | ⊚KD HYDRAULICS,LTD. |
| Taiwan | Taipei | HO TAI DEVELOPMENT CO.,LTD. |
| Singapore | Singapore | DAJKIN ASIA SERVICING PTE. LTD. |
| Thailand | Bangkok | SIAM DAIKIN SALES CO., LTD. |
| India | New De l hi | DAIKIN AIR CONDITIONING INDIA PVT.LTD DELHI BRANCH |
| U.S. | Illinois | ©ALL WORLD MACHINERY |

Sales agents of hydraulic equipment.
Others are the sales agent of air conditioning equipment.

(As of July 31, 2012.)



Supporting

information



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